Application of acupuncture in the treatment of venous insufficiency and varicose veins

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ABSTRACT
A 43-year-old male patient was admitted with swollen legs, which was prominent in the right leg. He was under treatment for varicose veins due to femoral and saphenous insufficiency for 10 years. Edema, redness, and cyanosis were present in his toes on physical examination. According to the pulse examination, organ meridians with reduced energy were applied to the body acupuncture needles (Liv-3, St-41, Kid-6, St-25,24, Sp-9). The ear was stabbed in the ankle, Shen men's point. Diet for weight control of the leg was suggested. Thanks to the most effective acupuncture points for edema resolution, the measurements yielded a 4-cm decrease in the tibia plateau and 3-cm decrease in the ankle circumference. The patient’s pain and cyanosis decreased. Local acupuncture was applied around the contracture as the patient's complaints diminished. In conclusion, acupuncture as a holistic approach can be a useful method in the treatment of venous insufficiency and varicose veins.

Keywords: Acupuncture, edema, venous insufficiency.

Acupuncture is a therapy of healing the body in which the fine needles are inserted at specific locations on the body.[1] It is mostly used in pain relief in Turkey. Although there are more than 350 acupuncture points lying along the meridians, yuan source points, sedation points, and horary points are the most commonly used points.[2] Acupuncture is believed to activate the endogenous opioid system and produces analgesic effects and stimulate parasympathetic system by oxytocin release.[3] Acupuncture is not only a discipline, but also it is used in the treatment of several diseases. There are 12 principal meridians and extra meridians in the human body. Meridians are mapped similar to the meridians of the geographical globe. The starting and end points of the meridians are located on the fingertips and toes. All meridians are connected to a network known as primo vascular system and regulate the interaction of cells with the connective tissues.[4] The acupuncture points are located on the line arm meridians over the body surface. These points can be stimulated by needle, push, ultrasound, light, or electrical currents.[3]

Herein, we report a male case of venous insufficiency and varicose veins which were successfully relieved with acupuncture.

CASE REPORT
A 43-year-old male patient was admitted with swollen legs, which was prominent in the right leg. He was under treatment for varicose veins due to femoral and saphenous insufficiency for 10 years. Edema, redness, and cyanosis were present in his toes on physical examination. According to the pulse examination, organ meridians with reduced energy were applied to the body acupuncture needles (Liv-3, St-41, Kid-6, St-25,24, Sp-9). The ear was stabbed in the ankle, Shen men's point. Diet for weight control of the leg was suggested. Thanks to the most effective acupuncture points for edema resolution, the measurements yielded a 4-cm decrease in the tibia plateau and 3-cm decrease in the ankle circumference. The patient’s pain and cyanosis decreased. Local acupuncture was applied around the contracture as the patient's complaints diminished. A written informed consent was obtained from the patient.

DISCUSSION
Specific nerves are stimulated, when specific points on the body are stimulated.[3] By means of the neurovegetative system, the peripheral parts of the body are controlled in direct or indirect relation with it segments by the medulla spinalis. The stimulation...
of a nerve from this group affects other parts of the body. This effect can be sometimes an increase or decrease in activity. Increased activity by stimulation of the sympathetic nerves becomes reduced through the stimulation of the parasympathetic nerves. An increased heart rate, decreased blood vessels, tightening and loosening of the blood vessels, and increased or decreased hormone secretion may be due to the same mechanism. Acupuncture provides a significant improvement in the treatment of venous ulcers. According to the traditional Chinese medicine, edema travelling from the knee toward the lower limb indicates spleen and kidney Yang deficiency with the accumulation and retention of damp and mucus, thereby, leading to edema. Using the acupuncture technique, meridians of the spleen and kidney are the location for edema resolution. In a study, intradermal needling of the Sanyinjiao (SP-6) and Fliu (KI-7) intersecting points diminished the structures around the limb.

In the published Yellow Emperor’s Internal Classic, lung and colon meridians should be used in the treatment of upper back-related diseases and stomach and spleen meridians in the treatment of low back-related diseases. ST-36 is an acupoint of the stomach meridian and rich in Qi and blood and its stimulation is thought to regulate all body functions. In addition, acupuncture is effective in the treatment of edema due to damp and mucus. The SP-6 is the intersecting point of kidney, liver, and spleen meridians and regulates vital Qi flow, enhancing the kidney and spleen energy. In a study, moxibustion with a warming needle was found to be more effective in edema resolution than acupuncture alone. There are also studies showing the efficacy of acupuncture in reducing the number of migraine attacks. Some authors also reported that acupuncture accelerated healing process, resolved edema, and provided analgesia in a case of metatarsal fracture.

In conclusion, to the best of our knowledge, this is the first case report to show the effectiveness of acupuncture in the treatment of venous insufficiency and varicose veins. Currently, pharmacological and surgical approaches are commonly used, and our findings are required to be reproduced in further studies. We believe that acupuncture as an adjunct method to conventional approaches is helpful to improve the quality of life of patients.

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